

**\*Subjects and Verbs\***

In English, sentences have a \_\_\_\_\_ and a \_\_\_\_\_.

The **subject** is the \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ that is being described or doing something.

The **verb** is the \_\_\_\_\_ that links the subject to the description.

**Example:**    **Mrs. Pérez** is my Spanish teacher.  
                  **She** is from Madrid.

\*The subject is in bold and the verb is underlined.

There are also subjects and \_\_\_\_\_ in Spanish.

**Example:**    **Sra. Pérez** es mi profesora.  
                  **Ella** es de Madrid.

**Práctica:** For the following sentences, circle the subject and underline the verb.

1. Mario es mi amigo.
2. Carmen es de España.
3. Yo soy de los Estados Unidos.
4. Alfonso es mi compañero de clase.
5. Sr. García es mi profesor de ciencias.

\*In English, sentences always have a subject and a subject pronoun. But in Spanish the subject or subject pronoun can be left out if everyone knows who you are talking about.

<b>Example:</b>	<b>María</b> is my friend	<b>María</b> es mi amiga.
	<b>She</b> is from Spain	Es de España.
		(Ella) can be left out.

**Práctica:** For the following sentences rewrite each first replacing the subject with the correct pronoun and then again leaving out the subject (assuming everyone knows who you are referring to).

1. Mario es mi amigo. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Carmen es de España. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Yo soy de los Estados Unidos. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Alfonso es mi compañero de clase. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Sr. García es mi profesor de ciencias. \_\_\_\_\_